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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/065,745	11/14/2002	Nenad Rijavec	BLD920020007	7517		
56989 7590 07/24/2007 LAW OFFICE OF CHARLES W. PETERSON, JR PRINTERS			EXAM	EXAMINER		
11703 BOWMAN GREEN DR.		HUNTSINGER, PETER K				
SUITE 100 RESTON, VA 20190			ART UNIT	. PAPER NUMBER		
,			2625			
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			07/24/2007	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/065,745		RIJAVEC, NENAD		
	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Peter K. Huntsinger	2625		

	Peter K. Huntsinger	2625	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 19 July 2007 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPI	LICATION IN CONDITION FOR AL	LOWANCE.	
1.  The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods:	ving replies: (1) an amendment, aft tice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in (	fidavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
a) $\square$ The period for reply expires $3$ months from the mailing date			
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire is Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailin (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THI	g date of the final rejecti	on.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b)	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1. tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origon than three months after the mailing day	of the fee. The approprinally set in the final Offi	iate extension fee ce action; or (2) as
NOTICE OF APPEAL  2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed AMENDMENTS	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	
<ol> <li>The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection,</li> <li>They raise new issues that would require further co</li> <li>They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below)</li> </ol>	nsideration and/or search (see NO		ecause
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in began appeal; and/or	tter form for appeal by materially re		the issues for-
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a		jected ciaims.	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).  4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		mnliant Amendment	(PTOL -324)
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)		mpliant Amendment	(F10L-324).
<ol> <li>Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)</li> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ol>		timely filed amendme	ent canceling the
7.  For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1-11. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:		ill be entered and an e	explanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, be because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessarian.	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe y and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fa See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(	ils to provide a 1).
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanatio REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	in of the status of the claims after e	entry is below or attack	nea.
11. ☑ The request for reconsideration has been considered by See Continuation Sheet.	it does NOT place the application i	n condition for allowa	nce because:
<ul><li>12. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).</li><li>13. ☐ Other:</li></ul>	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).	116	
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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTQL-303 (Rev. 08-06)

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Part of Paper No. 20070720

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant argues on page 2 of the response in essence that:

Claim 9 recites a computer program product and is statutory.

Based on the applicant's specification, the computer program product can be data signals embodied in a carrier wave. Therefore, regardless of whether the product comprises a computer-readable medium, the applicant is claiming a computer program. To correct this, the applicant should state "A computer readable medium storing a computer program" (or equivalent) not a computer program product comprising a computer readable medium.

Applicant argues on pages 2 and 3 of the response in essence that:

The sequencer remaining unchanged by additions and removals of connected and disconnected raster image processors is supported by the application.

The applicant specification provides no definition or explanation of the sequencer remaining unchanged. The applicant's analogy to connecting computers to the internet does not relate to connecting and disconnecting raster image processors to the sequencer as the sequencer must instruct and monitor the raster image processors. The sequencer must make some accommodation for instructing an added raster image processor which would constitute the sequencer being changed (i.e. starts routing data to the raster image processor).

Applicant argues on pages 3 and 4 of the response in essence that:

There is nothing of record to support the assertion that adding/removing nodes to a network does change other nodes in that connections are now available to the nodes.

The given example was merely to refute the applicant's argument that the sequencer remaining unchanged would be inherent/obvious.

Applicant argues on page 5 of the response in essence that:

Venkateswar '016 teaches away from adding and removing image processors.

In response to applicant's argument, the test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981).

Applicant argues on page 6 of the response in essence that:

A direct connection is directly connected with no intervening coupling.

The applicant provides no definition for a direct connection within the specification. In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., directly connected with no intervening coupling) is not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Applicant argues on page 8 of the response in essence that:

Fujii '390 does not teach multiple print head drivers between a print server and a printer. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

Applicant argues on page 10 of the response in essence that:

Venkateswar '016 parallel processors is not a network within the plain meaning in the art.

According to the definition within the art, a network consists of a system or group of interconnected elements. Because the parallel processors are interconnected to the master processor, they are considered networked.